



Outline of the presentation

- > State of play of your project's contractual process
- How to manage your project
- > Financial management
- Project monitoring
- Communication & Dissemination
- Quality assurance
- Special Mobility Strand
- Conclusions



State of play of your project's contractual process



State of play of your project's contractual process

Grant Agreement

- > Issued before Christmas
- ➤ PIC issues **Λ**
- > Start of the eligibility period: 15 October 2016

Payment

> First instalment at contract signature (50% of the grant)



How to manage your project



Ensure the commitment of your institution

Institutional commitment is a precondition to success:

At HEI level:

- > Academic authorities
- > Finance Department, International Office
- > Students and staff

At Ministry level

> Structural Projects

Will ensure:

- > Expertise in terms of administrative/financial constraints
- National dissemination and Sustainability



Clarify the roles and learn the rules

Be aware of your role in the project

- Read the project description & objectives
- Find out what you are supposed to do

Read carefully all project contractual and financial documents

- > To be provided by coordinator
- > EACEA Agency website
- Project documents
 - Grant Agreement
 - Guidelines for the Use of the Grant



Take local rules into account

Find out about your Institution's internal rules

- > Ask your administration
- > Communicate these rules to the coordinator
- > Nominate person responsible for finances at each Partner

Find out about national constraints/legislation

- Visa requirements
- Project registration
- > VAT
- Staff payment modalities
- Accreditation of newly developed curricula



Cooperation with yourproject partners

Meet and discuss within your partnership:

- > Distribution of tasks
- > Financial provisions
- > Rules (CBHE + your institution's)

Draft a Partnership agreement

- > Agree with your partnership on the procedures you will adopt
 - Make sure you understand all the rules which will apply to you
 - Make sure you have a voice in the decision-making process
- > Consolidate your agreements in writing
- > Template available on Agency's website

Transparent Management



Partnership Agreement

Mandatory

> At the latest 6 months after signature of Grant Agreement

Must be negotiated with partners Covers <u>all aspects</u> of the project:

- > The partners role and responsibilities
- > Financial Management
- Project Management and decision-making process
- Project Quality Assurance
- Decision/Conflict resolution mechanisms

National constraints/legislation

National constraints/legislation of the project partners must be taken into account



Check for synergies with other projects

- Check if there are other Tempus/CBHE projects in the same subject area
- > Check if there are complementarities
- > Organise meetings with other projects to share:
 - Outputs
 - Experience
 - Best practices



Changes to the project

Administrative changes (PIC)

> Address, Legal name, Legal representative, Bank Account, etc.

Functional changes

- Work programme, equipment, eligibility period
- Partnership (withdrawal, addition, replacement)
- ➤ Budget: 10% rule

How to proceed

- > Inform coordinator asap, who will in turn inform the Agency
- > At the latest 1 month before the project's end date
- > The Agency will ask for supporting documents
- ➤ If the change is accepted: an amendment will be carried out if needed



Financial Management



Reporting obligations and payments

Grant Agreement

- > Start of the eligibility period: 15 October 2016
- > End of the eligibility period: 14 October 2019

Reporting obligations

- Progress Report
- > Final Report

Payments

- > First instalment at contract signature (50% of the grant)
- > Second instalment (40%)(when 70% of first instalment spent)
- > Balance (10% max) after analysis of final report by EACEA
- Payment modalities within the consortium: defined in the Partnership Agreement



Budget Categories: Thresholds

Staff costs	Max 40% of total eligible costs
Equipment	Max 30% of total eligible costs
Sub-contracting	Max 10% of total eligible costs
Travel	No threshold
Costs of stay	No threshold



Project Budget Calculation & Reporting

5 Budget Categories

Staff

UC

Travel

UC

AC

Costs of Stay UC

Equipment

Subcontracting AC

2 Allocation & Justification Methods

Actual Costs

Actual Costs
(AC)

Unit Costs (UC)

Other types of costs

(ex.: overheads costs, etc.) are not considered for the calculation of the grant.



Expected to be **covered** by co-funding



Justification of the costs

Actual costs: How did you use the grant?

- Expenses (/costs) incurred
- Supporting documents=proof of expenses (invoices, proof of payment et)

Unit costs: what did you **achieve** with the grant?

- Result-based (/based on proof of activity)
- No need to prove the real expenditure
- > But need to prove the "triggering event" (i.e.: the fact the activity has taken place (e.g. teaching, training)



Unit costs

Unit costs values mentioned in the **Guidelines**: **ONLY** for:

- Budget calculation
- > Reporting purposes

Consortium reimbursement mechanisms

- Should be different from the values mentioned in the Guidelines
- Agreed by consortium
- > Described in Partnership Agreement



Supporting documents for Actual Costs

Budget Headings	Supporting documents				
Equipment	 Invoices Bank statements Tendering procedure: 3 quotations from different suppliers for expenses exceeding 25.000€ 				
Sub- contracting	 Subcontracts Invoices Bank statements Tendering procedure: 3 quotations from different suppliers for expenses exceeding 25.000€ 				

For details: See Guidelines for the Use of the Grant



Supporting documents for Unit Costs

Budget Headings	Supporting documents				
Staff	Formal employment contractStaff conventionTime sheets				
	 Agendas Attendance / Participant lists Tangible outputs/products 				
Travel and Costs of Stay	 Individual Travel Report (ITR) Invoices, receipts, boarding passes Agendas Attendance / Participant lists Tangible outputs/products 				

For details: See Guidelines for the Use of the Grant



Equipment rules

Equipment can come from anywhere

➤ No Rule of Origin

Equipment purchase limited to HEIs only

> HEIs recognised by Ministry of Education



Changes to the list of equipment

- Possible if well justified
- Must be authorised by Agency

Launch purchase asap

- > Tender procedure takes time
- > Start using the equipment during the project's lifetime



Subcontracting / Equipment rules

Amount of subcontract	lasks to perform			
Over 25.000 EUR	Tendering procedure Three quotes at least			
Over 134.000 EUR	Tendering procedure In conformity with national legislation			



Project Monitoring



Desk Monitoring

Definition

- Management tool
- Continuous process which aims to help the project achieve its objectives

Project Officer

> Each project has an assigned Project Officer in the Agency

Objective

- > To support the Project coordinators
- ➤ Track the project progess through evaluation of the progress and final report



Field Monitoring Visits (1/3)

Part of the monitoring strategy of EACEA Agency

- Annual Monitoring Plan
- ➤ Conducted by NEO/ EU Delegation/ Project Officer
 - NEO mandate
 - National plan communicated to each NEO

Aim of Monitoring visits

- ➤ Check that the project is on track
- > Check that partners are fully involved in the project
- Offer support and advice
- > Prevent penalties due to weak project implementation



Field Monitoring Visits (2/3)

Format

- > Presentation of state-of-play by all partners
- > Recommendations from NEO / Project Officer

Role of EACEA Agency

- > Feedback to project coordinator
- > Occasional participation in monitoring visits

Each project will be visited at least once in each Partner Country



Field Monitoring Visits (3/3)

Key Messages:

- ➤ Special emphasis on the **sustainability/impact** of the projects and on the **dissemination/exploitation** of the results (use Annex II of Programme Guide as guidance doc.)
- ➤ For that purpose the general and specific project **objectives** need to be **clear from the start** of the project for each participant to the project
- Measure and document: project activities should be continuously evaluated against the project goals (based on the needs analysis) through figures, questionnaires, interviews, analysis etc.



Communication and Dissemination



Internal Communication (1/2)

With Coordinator and other partners

- Project kick-off meeting
- > Defined in the Partnership Agreement
- > Communication-plan (means, frequency, channels)
- > Transparency

National coordinator

- ➤ Main Partner Country contact for the project
- ➤ Facilitates communication with partners from Partner Countries
- Not compulsory



External Communication (2/2)

With EACEA Agency

- > One Project Officer responsible for your project
- > Contact only possible via coordinator
- Exception: exceptional circumstances, e.g. conflict with coordinator

With your National Erasmus+ Office

- > Support to projects
- > Experience in Tempus/Erasmus+ projects



External Dissemination Strategy

- > Draft intentional dissemination plan with target groups
 - What, Why, Who, When, How?
- Choose most suitable **methods** of dissemination for each audience
- > Define the **expected impact** and **measure** it



Dissemination Tools

- > Visual Identity for the project: project branding/logos
- > Project website:
 - User-friendly
 - Launch at project start
 - Informative & attractive ALSO for wider public
 - Content: Project description/objectives, management structure, project outputs (dates of events, trainings, meeting etc), results of project activities
- Project flyers/leaflets/brochures
- > **Media** releases, newsletters, articles in specialised press
- > Social media: blogs, facebook, twitter
- > Public **events**, meetings, seminars



Publicity / Visibility rules

Project publications and results:

Must display Erasmus+ Logo



 Must mention this sentence: "Co-funded by the Erasmus+ Programme of the European Union"

Include **disclaimer**:

"This project has been funded with support from the European Commission. This publication [communication] reflects the views only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein".

See Agency's website: https://eacea.ec.europa.eu/about-eacea/visual-identity_en



Quality Assurance



Rationale

Quality Assurance

- Instrument of monitoring process towards achieving the project goals
- Ensures increased sustainability & impact of activities and project results
- Designed both for accountability & ongoing improvement



Internal vs. External Quality Assurance

Internal Quality Assurance

- ➤ Follow up and monitoring of activites (tools: roadmaps, Gantt charts, dashboards etc.)
- > Assessing & measuring that the activities are in line with the project objectives (Logical framework, SWOT analysis etc.)
- > Internal peer review of the quality of the products

External Evaluation

- > Peer-review by academic/admin staff from non-partner HEIs
- > Representatives from local authorities / private companies
- National QA Agencies (only if the integrated international dimension of the project is covered)



Special Mobility Strand



Special Mobility Strand (SMS) rules

Definition

- Additional support for international mobility of students and staff
- for studying, training and teaching purposes

Conditions

- > Students must be enrolled in an HEI of the consortium
- be at least in the second year of higher education studies (for study mobility only)

Associate partners cannot benefit from the SMS



STUDENTS

Activities From Partner C To Partner C Study X		From Partner C To Programme C	From Programme C To Partner C	From Programme C To Programme C	
		x	x	Not eligible	
Traineeship X		x	x	Not eligible	

STAFF

Activities	Staff from beneficiary HEIs	Staff from no HEI beneficiaries	From PC To PC	From PC To PgC	From PgC To PC	From PgC To PgC
Teaching	x	x	x	x	x	Not eligible
Training	x	Not eligible	x	x	Not eligible	Not eligible



SMS documents

Inter-institutional agreement (General Framework)

Individual Grant
Agreement
(Duration & Financial
Support)

Agreement
(Content & Credits /
Learning Outcomes)

SIGNED BY:

each project partner (before starting the selection of the mobility scheme)

- the individual
- the sending organisation
- the receiving organisation

(before the start of the individ. mobility)



SMS Subsistence costs / students / staff

Each mobility must be encoded in the Mobility Tool.

Subsistence costs automatically calculated





Conclusions



Recap: Novelties CBHE vs. Tempus

- > Equipment: no Rule of origin anymore
- Special Mobility strand
- Unit costs
- > Supporting documents for staff and travel costs (unit costs)
- No need to justify co-funding anymore
- > Indirect costs: not covered by the grant anymore
- Partnership agreement mandatory
- > Payment instalments: 50 40 10%
- Penalties if weak project implementation
- Associated partners
- > PICs



Key 'take aways' from presentation

Prevent future problems:

> Learn & understand the CBHE rules

Prerequisites for effective implementation:

- > Communication- plan
- > Quality assurance strategy
- External dissemination strategy
- Sustainability and exploitation strategy

Real partnership:

- > Requires genuine engagement and conversations
- Take your place in the partnership (full partners have rights & obligations)



Grantholders' meeting

Dates

- > 25-26 January 2017
- > Brussels

Participants

➤ Coordinator + 1 PC Partner

Content

- > Project management rules
- > Financial rules

Ask information to your project coordinator



In case of doubt?

Do not hesitate to refer to:

- > Contractual documents (Grant Agreement)
- ➤ EACEA website: http://eacea.ec.europa.eu/erasmus-plus/beneficiaries-space_en
- > Guidelines for the use of the Grant
- > Your coordinator / partners
- National Erasmus+ Office (NEO)
- > EACEA Agency (through your coordinator)



